

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A pouring device for use with a bottle having a liquid therein, comprising:

a cylindrical body formed of a flexible, elastic, resilient material and having a lower portion at a first end, and an upper portion at a second end,

the lower portion having a length and adapted to be inserted into an opening of a bottle in sealing engagement with the bottle and

the upper portion having a length, a height and a substantially circular interior cross-sectional shape and disposed adjacent the lower portion for extending above the opening of the bottle when the lower portion is inserted in sealing engagement with the bottle;

a filter including a pour opening composed of a plurality of substantially uniformly disposed apertures, the pour opening extending across substantially an entire substantially circular cross section of the cylindrical body;

an air passageway disposed adjacent to the internal periphery of said lower portion and extending longitudinally beyond the length of said lower portion in a direction away from said upper portion along the internal periphery of said cylindrical body, a portion of the air passageway being integrally formed with and at least coextensive with said filter in the longitudinal direction; and

a visual indicator disposed on an outer surface of said upper portion for identifying the relative angular location of said air passageway with respect to said visual indicator;

the cylindrical body extending above and surrounding the uniformly disposed apertures and the air passageway such that the upper portion is adapted to permit sealing the liquid in the bottle from the atmosphere by a cap insertable into the interior of the upper portion to close both the apertures and the air passageway to the atmosphere.

2. (Previously Presented) The device of claim 1 wherein said visual indicator is positioned on the second end and on the upper portion of said cylindrical body.

3. (Previously Presented) The device of claim 1 wherein said visual indicator comprises a V-shaped spout.

4. (Canceled)

5. (Previously Presented) The device of claim 3 wherein said spout comprises a mouth extending outwardly past the cylindrical body and having a slope of about 50 degrees relative to said cylindrical body.

6. (Canceled)

7. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein said visual indicator comprises a protuberance.

8. (Canceled)

9. (Original) The device of claim 1 wherein said visual indicator comprises a marking having a color different from the color of said cylindrical body.

10. (Previously Presented) The device of claim 3 wherein said visual indicator is angularly spaced from said air passageway by at least 120°.

11. (Previously Presented) The device of claim 10 wherein said visual indicator is angularly spaced from said air passageway about 180°.

12. (Previously Presented) The device of claim 3 wherein the plurality of apertures each have an interior cross-sectional dimension of about 0.04

inches or less, and wherein said filter is disposed within and integrally formed within said cylindrical body.

13. (Original) The device of claim 12 wherein the filter is of the same material as the cylindrical body.

14. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 3 further comprising an integrally attached cap insertable in sealing engagement with the interior of the second end of said cylindrical body, said attached cap having [[an]] a cylindrical overlapping longitudinal extent that overlaps with the second end when in sealing engagement therewith, said attached cap being attached to said cylindrical body, and wherein the spout has a longitudinal extent less than the overlapping longitudinal extent of the attached cap.

15. (Previously Presented) The device of claim 14 wherein a portion of the cap is insertable into the interior of the second end of the cylindrical body, further comprising an integral circumferential sealing ring on one of the cap and the interior of the cylindrical body and, on the other of the cap and cylindrical body, a circumferential sealing groove complementary to the sealing ring, the spout being located above the circumferential sealing ring and groove.

16. (Original) The device of claim 15 wherein the circumferential sealing ring is on the cap.

17. (Previously Presented) The device of claim 14 wherein the cap is integrally attached to said cylindrical body by a flexible elongated strand of material extending from the cylindrical body to the cap at a predetermined location on the circumference of the cylindrical body and angularly spaced at least about 120° from the spout.

18. (Currently Amended) A method of pouring a liquid from a bottle comprising:

inserting a pouring device into a bottle, said pouring device comprising:
a cylindrical body formed of a flexible, elastic, resilient material and having a lower portion at a first end, and an upper portion at a second end,
the lower portion having a length and adapted to be inserted into an opening of a bottle in sealing engagement with the bottle and
the upper portion having a length and a substantially circular interior cross-sectional shape and disposed adjacent the lower portion for extending above the opening of the bottle when the lower portion is inserted in sealing engagement with the bottle;
a filter including a pour opening composed of a plurality of substantially uniformly disposed apertures, the pour opening extending across substantially an entire substantially circular cross section of the cylindrical body;
an air passageway disposed adjacent to the internal periphery of said lower portion and extending longitudinally beyond the length of said lower portion in a direction away from said upper portion along the internal periphery of said cylindrical body, a portion of the air passageway being integrally formed with and at least coextensive with said filter in the longitudinal direction; and
a visual indicator disposed on an outer surface of said upper portion for identifying the relative angular location of said air passageway with respect to said visual indicator;
the cylindrical body extending above and surrounding the uniformly disposed apertures and the air passageway such that the upper portion is adapted to permit sealing the liquid in the bottle from the atmosphere by a cap insertable into the interior of the upper portion to close both the apertures and the air passageway to the atmosphere;
verifying a location on said cylindrical body of said visual indicator and the relative location of said air passageway relative to said visual indicator;
orienting the bottle so that when the bottle is tilted in a downward direction for pouring the air passageway will be in a relatively upward facing position; and
pouring contents from said bottle by tilting the bottle in the downward direction such that the air passageway of said bottle stopper device is maintained in a relatively upward facing position.

19. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 18 wherein the verifying a location on said cylindrical body includes verifying the location of a spout.

20. (Currently Amended) A method for manufacturing a pouring device for use with a bottle comprising:

integrally forming the pouring device by:

forming a cylindrical body formed of a flexible, elastic, resilient material and having a lower portion at a first end, and an upper portion at a second end;

forming the lower portion with a length, the lower portion adapted to be inserted into an opening of a bottle in sealing engagement with the bottle;

forming the upper portion with a length and a substantially circular interior cross-sectional shape and disposing the upper portion adjacent the lower portion such that the upper portion extends above the opening of the bottle when the lower portion is inserted in sealing engagement with the bottle;

forming the cylindrical body with a filter including a pour opening composed of a plurality of substantially uniformly disposed apertures, the pour opening extending across substantially an entire substantially circular cross section of the cylindrical body;

forming an air passageway disposed adjacent the internal periphery of said lower portion and extending longitudinally along substantially at least the length of said lower portion and along the internal periphery of said cylindrical body, a portion of the air passageway being integrally formed with and at least coextensive with said filter in the longitudinal direction;

forming a visual indicator disposed on an outer surface of said upper portion for identifying the relative angular location of said air passageway with respect to said visual indicator;

integrally forming a cap and an elongated strand of flexible material that are connected to the upper portion of the cylindrical body by the strand; and

integrally forming a V-shaped spout connected to the upper portion of the cylindrical body and wherein the strand is an elongated cylindrical strand and is connected to the body at a location radially spaced from the spout.

21. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 20 wherein forming said visual indicator includes providing the spout.

22. (Previously Presented) The device of claim 1 wherein said air passageway is substantially encircled by said plurality of apertures.

23. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 18 wherein said air passageway is substantially encircled by said plurality of apertures.

24. (Previously Presented) The method according to claim 20 wherein said air passageway is substantially encircled by said plurality of apertures.

25. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20 wherein the radial spacing of the strand from the spout is 180° .

26. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20 wherein the radial spacing of the strand from the spout is 90° .

27. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 20 wherein the radial spacing of the strand from the spout is 120° .

28. (New) The device of claim 1, wherein:
the air passageway is angularly spaced 180° from the spout;
the strand is attached to the cylindrical body at a first end of the strand at a location angularly spaced 180° from the spout;
the strand is attached to the cap at a second end of the strand;
when the cap is inserted in sealing engagement with the interior of the second end of the cylindrical body, the first and second ends of the strand are

spaced apart from each other a distance of about the height of the upper portion in a generally longitudinal direction; and

when liquid is poured from a bottle in which the device is inserted, the strand is of sufficient thickness and rigidity to prevent the strand and cap from hanging in the path where liquid is being poured from the bottle.

29. (New) The device of claim 28, wherein:

the strand is attached to the cylindrical body at a first end of the strand;

the strand is attached to the cap at a second end of the strand;

when the cap is inserted in sealing engagement with the interior of the second end of the cylindrical body, the first and second ends of the strand are spaced apart from each other in a generally longitudinal direction with respect to the cylindrical body, and the strand extends in a generally circular arc from the first end of the strand to the second end of the strand.

30. (New) The device of claim 28 wherein the spout has a rim that lies at least substantially in a plane; and

the cap further including a radially extending, generally planar tab adapted to overlap the rim of the spout to close the spout to the atmosphere when the cap is inserted in sealing engagement with the interior of the second end of the cylindrical body.